AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A frequency converter for converting a frequency of an input signal to an arbitrary frequency, comprising:

Ma polyphase structure filters for multiplying each of N coefficients M polyphase filters each having N=L/M coefficients (where L and M are both positive integers) determined by dividing L coefficients by M, by M signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period M/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis, each of the M polyphase filters having N=L/M coefficients (where L and M are both positive integers) determined by dividing L coefficients by M; and

a sampling frequency converter with a conversion ratio M, the sampling frequency converter being coupled to the M polyphase filters.

2. (Currently Amended) AThe frequency converter for converting a frequency of an input signal to an arbitrary frequency, as set forth in claim 1, further comprising:

M1a polyphase structure filters or a sampling frequency converter with a conversion ratio M1, for multiplying M1-polyphase filters each of N coefficients by M1 signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period M1/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis, each of the M1 polyphase filters having N=L/M coefficients (where L and M are both positive integers) determined by dividing L coefficients by M; and

a sampling frequency converter with a conversion ratio M1, the sampling

frequency converter being coupled to the M1 polyphase filters;

a<u>M2</u> polyphase structure-filters or a sampling frequency converter with a conversion ratio M2, for multiplying <u>M2=M-M1 polyphase filterseach of the N</u> coefficients by M2 signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period M2/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis, the M2 polyphase filters having M2=M-M1; and

a sampling frequency converter with a conversion ratio M2, the sampling frequency converter being coupled to the M2 polyphase filters.

3. (Currently Amended) AThe frequency converter for converting a frequency of an input signal to an arbitrary frequency, as set forth in claim 1, further comprising:

an I-fold interpolator (where I is a positive integer) arranged in a stage following the polyphase structure filter;

(M×I) wherein the polyphase structure filters for multiplyinges each of P coefficients (M×I) polyphase filters each having $P=L/(M\times I)$ coefficients determined by dividing L coefficients by (M×I), by (M×I) signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period (M×I)/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis (where I is a positive integer), the (M×I) polyphase filters each having $P=L/(M\times I)$ coefficients determined by dividing L coefficients by (M×I);

an I-fold interpolator arranged in a stage following the (M×I) polyphase filters; and

a wherein the sampling frequency converter for performings 1/(M×I)-fold

interpolation, the sampling frequency converter being coupled to the (M×I) polyphase filters.

4. (Currently Amended) <u>AThe</u> frequency converter <u>for converting a frequency of</u> an input signal to an arbitrary frequency, as set forth in claim 1, further comprising:

a 1/D fold decimator (where D is a positive integer) arranged in a stage preceding the polyphase structure filter;

M×D wherein the polyphase structure filters for multiplying ies (M×D) polyphase filters each of having $Q = L/(M \times D)$ coefficients determined by dividing L coefficients by (M×D), by (M×D) signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period (M×D)/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis (where D is a positive integer), the (M×D) polyphase filters each having $Q = L/(M \times D)$ coefficients determined by dividing the L coefficients by (M×D);

a 1/D-fold decimator arranged in a stage preceding the (M×D) polyphase filters; and

<u>a wherein the sampling frequency converter for performings (M×D)-fold</u> interpolation, the sampling frequency converter being coupled to the (M×D) polyphase filters.

5. (Currently Amended) A frequency converter for converting a frequency of an input signal to an arbitrary frequency, comprising:

Ma polyphase structure filters for multiplying a code M polyphase filters each

having as one coefficient a code calculated by dividing M codes (where M is a positive integer) by M, by M signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period M/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis, each of the M polyphase filters having as one coefficient the code calculated by dividing M codes (where M is a positive integer and M codes refers to M coefficient codes) by M; and

a sampling frequency converter with a conversion ratio M, the sampling frequency converter being coupled to the M polyphase filters;

wherein the input signal is correlated with the code.

6. (Currently Amended) A frequency converter for converting a frequency of an input signal to an arbitrary frequency, the frequency converter including a polyphase structure filter having M polyphase filters with N=L/M coefficients determined by dividing L coefficients by M (where L and M are both positive integers), the frequency converter, comprising:

the M polyphase filters each including;

coefficient banks having P kinds (where P is a positive integer larger than 2) of filter coefficient sequences;

wherein the M polyphase filters consecutively select filter coefficient sequences one-by-one among the P kinds of coefficient banks a coefficient bank for switching one bank each time M input discrete time sequences are received, and setting assigning P kinds (where P is a positive integer larger than 2) of the selected filter coefficient sequences to as multipliers of the M polyphase filters one by one;

wherein an Mth polyphase filter among the M polyphase filtersthe coefficient bank of an Mth polyphase filter provides P kinds of coefficient sequences for the Mth polyphase filter among P kinds of a total of M phase coefficients calculated by multiplying coefficients determined by repeating M original phase coefficient sequences of the polyphase filter P times in a phase direction by P×M signals determined by sampling signals for a period K of a sine wave having a period P×M/K for one sampling period, on a one-to-one basis.